

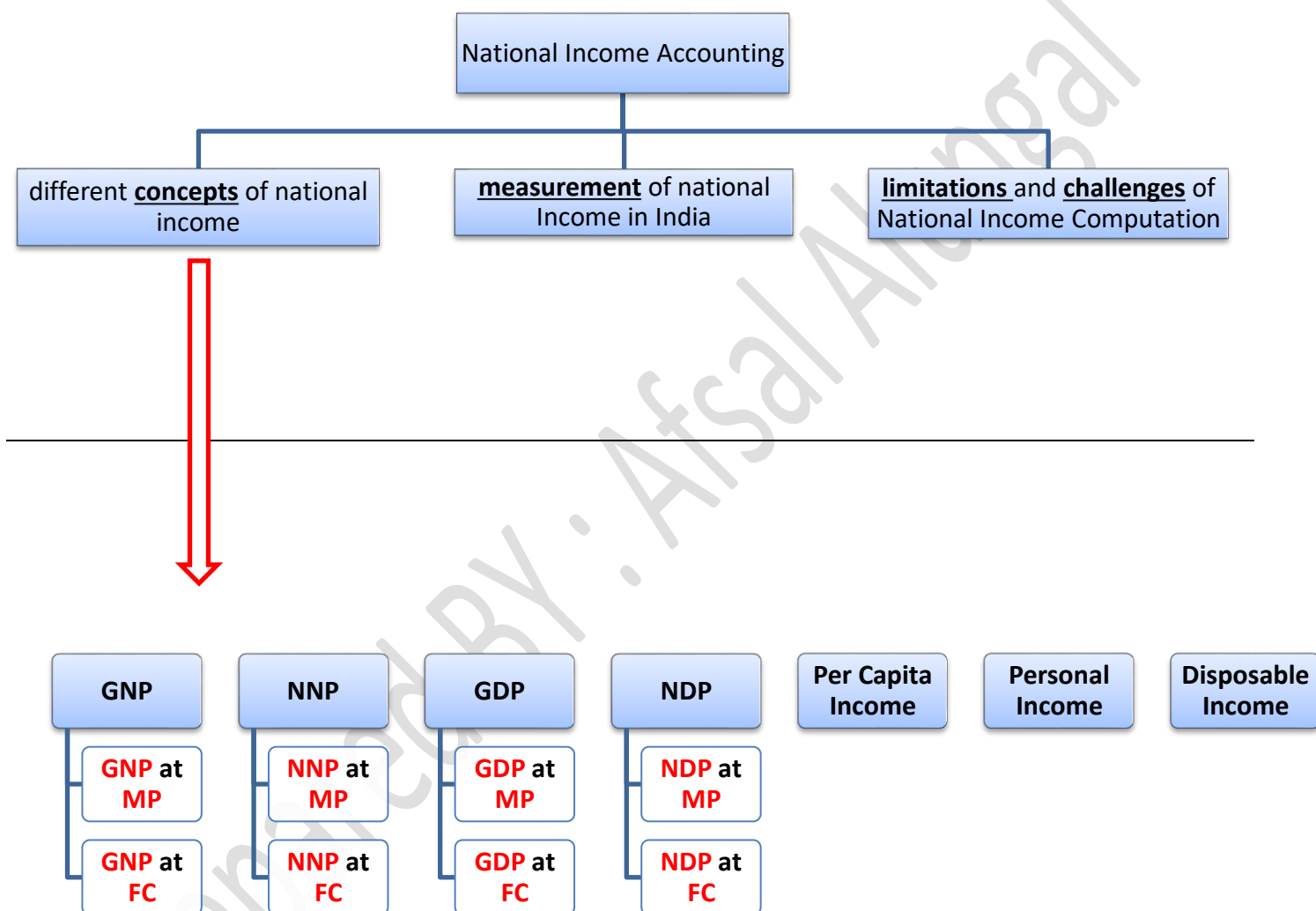
Intermediate Course

Paper 8B

Economics for Finance

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Gross Domestic Product (GDP)

1. GDP_{MP} = value of output in the domestic territory – value of intermediate consumption

2. GDP_{FC} = GDP_{MP} – Indirect Taxes + Subsidies

- **Market Price**
= Factor Cost + **Net Indirect Taxes**
= Factor Cost + **(indirect taxes – subsidies)**
- **Factor Cost**
= Market Price - **Net Indirect Taxes**
= Market Price - **(indirect taxes + subsidies)**

GDP_{FC}

= compensation of employees
+ operating surplus (rent + interest + **profit**)
+ Mixed Income of Self – Employed
+ DEPRECIATION

Gross National Product (GNP)

1. GNP_{MP} = GDP_{MP} + **Net Factor Income From Abroad**

2. GDP_{MP} = GNP_{MP} - **Net Factor Income From Abroad**

*National =

Domestic + Net Factor Income From Abroad

Net Domestic Product (**NDP**)

$$1. \text{NDP}_{MP} = (\text{GDP}_{MP} - \text{Depreciation})$$

$$2. \text{NDP}_{MP} = \text{NNP}_{MP} - \text{Net Factor Income From Abroad}$$

Gross =	Net + Depreciation
Net =	Gross - Depreciation

$$3. \text{NDP}_{FC} = (\text{NDP}_{MP} - \text{Net Indirect Taxes})$$

= compensation of employees

+ operating surplus (rent + interest + **profit**)

+ Mixed Income of Self – Employed

(* without DEPRECIATION)

Net National Product (**NNP**)

$$1. \text{NNP}_{MP} = \text{GNP}_{MP} - \text{Depreciation}$$

$$2. \text{NNP}_{MP} = \text{NDP}_{MP} + \text{Net Factor Income From Abroad}$$

$$3. \text{NNP}_{MP} = \text{GDP}_{MP} + \text{Net Factor Income From Abroad} - \text{Depreciation}$$

4. **NNP_{FC}** or **National Income**

$$\text{NNP}_{FC} = \text{National Income}$$

$$\text{NNP}_{FC} = \text{FID} + \text{NFIA}$$

FID (factor income earned in domestic territory)

NFIA (net factor income from abroad)

- If **NFIA is positive** then National Income will be **Greater than** Domestic Factor Income

Per Capita Income (2 Mark Questions)

- Country's Economic **output per person**
- Obtaining by dividing the country's GDP adjusted by Inflation by the total Population

GDP Adjusted by Inflation

Total Population

- Serve as an indicator of the standard of living of a country

Personal Income (PI)

- is a measure of the actual current income **receipt of persons from all sources**

- $PI = NI + \text{Income Received But Not Earned} - \text{Income Earned But Not Received}$

- An important point to remember is that National Income is **NOT** the sum of personal incomes because personal income includes **TRANSFER PAYMENTS** (eg . pension) which are excluded from national income

Disposable Income (DI)

- Income that is available for their **Consumption or Savings**
 $DI = PI - \text{Personal Income Taxes}$

Measurement Of National Income In India

