

**Ans. 1(a)(i) Based on sales, research and Development cost allocation as follows:**

| Year | Research and Development cost allocation<br>(Rs. in lakhs) |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| I    | $\frac{1200}{3000} \times 450 = 180$                       |
| II   | $\frac{900}{3000} \times 450 = 135$                        |
| III  | $\frac{600}{3000} \times 450 = 90$                         |
| IV   | $\frac{300}{3000} \times 450 = 45$                         |

If at the end of the 3<sup>rd</sup> year, circumstances do not justify that further benefit will accrue in IV year, then the company has to change the unamortized amount i.e., remaining Rs. 135 lakhs [450 – (180+135)] as an expenses immediately.

**Note:** As per AS 26 on intangible Assets, expenditure on research (or on the research phase of an internal project) should be recognized as an expense when it is development cost. Therefore, the expenditure has been deferred to the subsequent years. An intangible assets should be derecognized when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Hence the remaining unamortized amount of Rs. 1,35,000 has been written off as an expense at the end of third year.

**Ans 1(b)**

**Journal of ABC Ltd.**

| Date | Particulars                                                                                                  | L.F. | Dr.       | Cr.       |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-----------|-----------|
|      | Machinery A/c Dr.<br>To Bank<br>(Being the machinery purchase)                                               |      | 25,00,000 | 25,00,000 |
|      | Bank A/c Dr.<br>To Govt Grant A/c<br>(Being the Govt. grant received)                                        |      | 5,00,000  | 5,00,000  |
|      | Depreciation A/c Dr.<br>To Machinery<br>(Being the depreciation charged on machinery)                        |      | 2,00,000  | 2,00,000  |
|      | P&L A/c Dr.<br>To Depreciation A/c<br>(Being the depreciation transferred to P&L a/c)                        |      | 2,00,000  | 2,00,000  |
|      | Govt. grant A/c Dr.<br>To P & L A/c<br>(Being the govt. grant transferred to P & L a/c in the ratio of dep.) |      | 50,000    | 50,000    |

**Ans 1(c) Provision for NPA**

|                               |                      |            |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|------------|
| Standard advances             | $7,000 \times 2\%$   | 140        |
| Sub-Standard Advances         |                      |            |
| Secured Exposures             | $1,000 \times 15\%$  | 150        |
| Unsecured Exposures           | $1,000 \times 25\%$  | 250        |
| Secured (Infrastructure Loan) | $1,500 \times 20\%$  | 300        |
| Doubtful Advances- unsecured  | $1,500 \times 100\%$ | 1,500      |
| Doubtful- Secured             |                      |            |
| -up to 1year                  | $500 \times 25\%$    | 125        |
| -up to 3year                  | $600 \times 40\%$    | 240        |
| -More than 3 year             | $300 \times 100\%$   | 300        |
| Loss-Advances                 | $200 \times 100\%$   | <u>200</u> |

3,205

**Ans1(d)(i)** As per AS 20 Earnings Per Share the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period reflects the fact that the amount of shareholders capital may have varied during the period as a result of a larger or less number of shares outstanding at any time for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share, the number of equity shares should be the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

**Weighted average number of equity shares**

$4,80,000 \times 5/12 = 2,00,000$  shares

$8,40,000 \times 5/12 = 3,50,000$  shares

$6,60,000 \times 2/12 = 1,10,000$  shares

$= 6,60,000$  shares

(ii) Equity per share

Basic EPS 2011-12 = Rs 22,50,000/10,00,000 = Rs 2.25

Adjusted EPS 2010-11 = Rs 11,40,000/10,00,000 = Rs 1.14

**Ans 2.**

| Particulars                           | Cash   | Creditors | B's loan | A      | B     | C      |
|---------------------------------------|--------|-----------|----------|--------|-------|--------|
| Balance due                           | 275    | 16,500    | 4,500    | 15,000 | 7,500 | 15,000 |
| 1 <sup>st</sup> realization           | 18,650 |           |          |        |       |        |
|                                       | 18,925 |           |          |        |       |        |
| Less: Dissolution Exp.                | 3,000  |           |          |        |       |        |
|                                       | 15,925 |           |          |        |       |        |
| Less: Paid to Creditors               | 15,900 | 15,900    |          |        |       |        |
|                                       | 25     |           |          |        |       |        |
| Less: Paid to B's loan                | 25     |           | 25       |        |       |        |
|                                       |        |           | 4,475    |        |       |        |
| 2 <sup>nd</sup> realization           | 17,320 |           |          |        |       |        |
| Less: Payment to B's loan             | 4,475  |           | 4,475    |        |       |        |
|                                       | 12,845 |           |          |        |       |        |
| Less: C's commission                  | 360    |           |          |        |       |        |
|                                       | 12,485 |           |          |        |       |        |
| Less: Capital commission (R/100 + R)  | 1,135  |           |          |        |       |        |
|                                       | 11,350 |           |          |        |       |        |
| Less: Paid to C                       | 3,750  |           |          |        |       | 3,750  |
|                                       | 7,600  |           |          |        |       |        |
| Less: Paid to A & C (4:3)             | 7,600  |           |          | 4,343  |       | 3,257  |
|                                       |        |           |          | 10,657 |       | 7,993  |
| 3 <sup>rd</sup> realization           | 10,000 |           |          |        |       |        |
| Less: C's commission                  | 100    |           |          |        |       |        |
|                                       | 9,900  |           |          |        |       |        |
| Less: Capital commission ( R 100 + R) | 900    |           |          |        |       |        |
|                                       | 9,000  |           |          |        |       |        |
| Paid to A & C (4:3)                   | 1,150  |           | 1,150    | 657    |       | 493    |
|                                       | 7,850  |           |          | 10,000 | 7,500 | 7500   |
| Paid to A,B & C (4:3:3)               | 7,850  |           | 3,140    | 3,140  | 2,355 | 2,355  |
|                                       |        |           |          | 6,860  | 5,145 | 5,145  |
| Last installment                      | 7,000  |           |          |        |       |        |
| Less: C's commission                  | 70     |           |          |        |       |        |
|                                       | 6,930  |           |          |        |       |        |
| Less Capital commission               | 630    |           |          |        |       |        |
|                                       | 6,300  |           |          |        |       |        |
| Less: paid to A,B & C (4:3:3)         | 6,300  |           |          | 2,520  | 1,890 | 1,890  |
| Less on realization                   |        |           |          | 4,340  | 3,255 | 3,255  |

**Ans. 3(a)** Calculation of maximum amounts of Buy-back

(i) 25% of total paid up capital and free reserve

25% (28,75,000) 7,18,750

(ii) 25 of total paid up value of equity

25% × 12,50,000 3,12,500

(iii) The debt equity ratio should not be more then 2:1 after buy back

Debt = 18,75,000 + 10,00,000 + 16,50,000 28,75,000

Equity after buy back shall not be less than 14,37,500

**Journal of M/s Component Ltd.**

| Date | Particulars                                                                                                               | L.F. | Dr.                  | Cr.      |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------------|----------|
|      | Equity share Capital A/c Dr.<br>Securities Premium A/c Dr.<br>To Equity Shareholder<br>(Being the amount due of buy back) |      | 2,50,000<br>2,50,000 | 5,00,000 |
|      | Revenue Reserve A/c Dr.<br>To Capital redemption reserve<br>(Being the amount transferred from free reserve to CRR)       |      | 2,50,000             | 2,50,000 |
|      | Equity shareholder A/c Dr.<br>To Bank<br>(Being the amount paid to equity share holder)                                   |      | 5,00,000             | 5,00,000 |

**Balance Sheet of M/s Component Ltd. as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2012**

| Liabilities                                     | Amount    | Assets       | Amount    |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| Equity Share of 10 each fully paid<br>10,00,000 | 10,00,000 | Fixed Assets | 46,50,000 |
| Revenue Reserve                                 | 12,50,000 | Current Ass. | 25,00,000 |
| Profit & Loss                                   | 1,25,000  |              |           |
| CRR                                             | 2,50,000  |              |           |
| Secured Loan:                                   |           |              |           |
| 12 % Debentures                                 | 18,75,000 |              |           |
| Unsecured Loan                                  | 10,00,000 |              |           |
| Total                                           | 71,50,000 | Total        | 71,50,000 |

**Ans. 3(b)**

| 12% Debenture A/c          |          |             |          |
|----------------------------|----------|-------------|----------|
| Particulars                | Amount   | Particulars | Amount   |
| To Debentures holder's A/c | 7,50,000 | By Bal b/d  | 7,50,000 |
|                            |          |             |          |
| Total                      | 7,50,000 | Total       | 7,50,000 |

| Sinking Fund A/c               |          |                            |          |
|--------------------------------|----------|----------------------------|----------|
| Particulars                    | Amount   | Particulars                | Amount   |
| To Sinking Fund Investment A/c | 15,000   | By bal b/d                 | 6,00,000 |
| To Premium on redemption       | 75,000   | By Int on investment       | 65,000   |
| To General Reserve             | 7,50,000 | By profit and loss a/c     | 1,20,000 |
|                                |          | By profit & loss a/c (B/F) | 55,000   |
| Total                          | 8,40,000 | Total                      | 8,40,000 |

| Sinking fund Investment A/c |            |          |          |                     |            |          |          |
|-----------------------------|------------|----------|----------|---------------------|------------|----------|----------|
| Particulars                 | Face Value | Interest | Amount   | Particulars         | Face Value | Interest | Amount   |
| To bal b/d                  | 6,50,000   |          | 6,00,000 | By Bank             |            | 65,000   |          |
| To Sinking Fund A/c         |            | 65,000   |          | By Bank             | 6,50,000   |          | 5,85,000 |
|                             |            |          |          | By Sinking Fund A/c |            |          | 15,000   |
| Total                       | 6,50,000   | 65,000   | 6,00,000 | Total               | 6,50,000   | 65,000   | 6,00,000 |

| Bank A/c                       |          |                           |          |
|--------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|----------|
| Particulars                    | Amount   | Particulars               | Amount   |
| To bal b/d                     | 3,00,000 | By Debenture holder's A/c | 8,25,000 |
| To Interest on investment      | 65,000   | By bal c/d                | 1,25,000 |
| To Sinking Fund Investment A/c | 5,85,000 |                           |          |
|                                |          |                           |          |
| Total                          | 9,50,000 | Total                     | 9,50,000 |

| Debenture Holder's A/c |          |                          |          |
|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|----------|
| Particulars            | Amount   | Particulars              | Amount   |
| To Bank                | 8,25,000 | By 12% Debenture's A/c   | 7,50,000 |
|                        |          | By premium on redemption | 75,000   |
|                        |          |                          |          |
| Total                  | 8,25,000 | Total                    | 8,25,000 |

**Ans.4** Calculation of P.C. (Net Assets Method)

|                           | Vasudha Ltd. | Vaishali Ltd. |
|---------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Factory Building          | 1,95,000     | 1,75,000      |
| Goodwill                  | 75,000       | 50,000        |
| Debtors                   | 2,86,900     | 1,72,900      |
| Stock                     | 91,500       | 75,000        |
| Cash at bank              | 98,000       | 1,09,590      |
|                           | 7,46,400     | 5,82,490      |
| Less: Sundry Creditors    | 44,400       | 58,200        |
|                           | 7,02,000     | 5,24,290      |
| No. of equity shares      | 54,000Shares | 40,330Shares  |
| Intrinsic value per share | Rs 13        | Rs 13         |

Since the take over of Vaishali Ltd. is without liquidating the vaishali Ltd. hence 100% shares in vaishali Ltd. have been acquired by the vasudha Ltd. by issuing share in vasudha Ltd. On the basis of the intrinsic value of both the companies. To the Equity Shareholders of vaishali Ltd.

$$\text{Equity shares in vasudha} = \left( \frac{40,330 \times 13}{13} \right)$$

i.e. 40,330 @ Rs 13 per share 5,24,290

| Balance Sheet of Vasudha & Vaishali Ltd. As 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2012 |             |              |                                     |             |              |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| Liabilities                                                             | Vasudha Ltd | Vaishali Ltd | Assets                              | Vasudha Ltd | Vaishali Ltd |
| Issued Share Capital:                                                   |             |              | Factory Building                    | 2,10,000    | 1,60,000     |
| Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each                                            | 9,43,300    | 4,03,300     | Investment (Shares in Vaishali Ltd) | 5,24,290    | -            |
| Securities Premium                                                      | 1,20,990    | -            | Debtors                             | 2,86,900    | 1,72,900     |
| General Reserve                                                         | 1,01,000    | 65,000       | Stock                               | 91,500      | 82,500       |
| Profit & Loss A/c                                                       | 66,000      | 43,500       | Goodwill                            | 50,000      | 35,000       |
| Sundry Creditors                                                        | 44,400      | 58,200       | Cash at bank                        | 98,000      | 1,09,590     |
|                                                                         |             |              | Preliminary Expenses                | 15,000      | 10,010       |
| Total                                                                   | 12,75,690   | 5,70,000     | Total                               | 12,75,690   | 5,70,000     |

**Ans. 5(a)**

| Particulars                     | Amount |
|---------------------------------|--------|
| Tier. 1 Capital                 |        |
| Equity Share Capital            | 750    |
| Statutory reserve               | 150    |
| Share Premium                   | 150    |
| Capital Reserve (90-40)         | 50     |
| (Arising out of sale of assets) |        |
|                                 | 1,100  |
| Less: Intangible Assets         | 15     |
|                                 | 1,085  |
| Tier. 2                         |        |
| Capital Reserve (Revaluation)   | 40     |
| Less: Discount 55%              | 22     |
| (40-55%)                        | 18     |

## Calculation of risk weighted assets

| Calculation of risk weighted assets             |        |             |        |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------|-------------|--------|
| Funded Risk Assets                              | Amount | % of Weight | Amount |
| Cash balance with RBI                           | 60     | 0           | 0      |
| Claims on Bank                                  | 170    | 20          | 34     |
| Other Investment                                | 2,300  | 100         | 2,300  |
| Loan and Advance                                |        |             |        |
| Guaranteed by Govt. of India / State Government | 400    | 0           | 0      |
| Guaranteed to staff of bank by Supper Annuation | 50     | 20          | 10     |
| Other Loan and Advances                         | 6,170  | 100         | 6,170  |
| Premises, Furniture and fixtures, other assets  | 3,925  | 100         | 3,925  |
| Total                                           | 13,075 |             | 12,439 |

| Off balance item                                                              | Rs    | Credit conversion factor | Amount |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|--------|
| Acceptance, Endorsement and letter of Credit Guarantees and other obligations | 1,550 | 100                      | 1,550  |

Risk weighted assets ratio =  $\frac{\text{Capital Fund}}{\text{Risk Adjusted Assets}} \times 100$

$$= \frac{1,103}{12439 + 1550} \times 100 = 7.88\%$$

Ans. 5(b)

| Particulars                                          | Amount    |
|------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Current Cost of mains $40,00,000 \times \frac{3}{4}$ | 30,00,000 |
| Cost of material & labour gone up 15%                | 4,50,000  |
|                                                      | 34,50,000 |
| Total cost of mains                                  | 45,00,000 |
| (-) Old Material used                                | 1,50,000  |
| Cash Cost                                            | 43,50,000 |
| Total cost of Auxiliary                              | 15,00,000 |
| (-) Old Material used                                | 1,50,000  |
| Cash Cost                                            | 13,50,000 |

**Journal entries in the books of M/s Platinum Ltd.**

| Date | Particulars                                                                                                        | L.F | Dr.                   | Cr.                   |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------|-----------------------|
|      | Auxiliary Main A/c Dr.<br>To Bank<br>To Replacement<br>(Being auxiliary main laid down)                            |     | 15,00,000             | 13,50,000<br>1,50,000 |
|      | Replacement A/c Dr.<br>Mains A/c<br>To Bank<br>(Being the replacement of old plant by new plant)                   |     | 34,50,000<br>9,50,000 | 44,00,000             |
|      | Mains Dr.<br>To Replacements<br>(Being the old material utilized in new mains)                                     |     | 1,00,000              | 1,00,000              |
|      | Bank A/c Dr.<br>To Replacements<br>(Being the old material sold)                                                   |     | 1,00,000              | 1,00,000              |
|      | Revenue A/c Dr.<br>To Replacement A/c<br>(Being the balance of replacement account transferred to revenue account) |     | 31,00,000             | 31,00,000             |

Ans.6.

**In the Books of Indian company****Virginia (USA) Trial Balance (in RS)****As on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2012**

|                                   | Dr. US \$ | Cr. US \$ | Conservation | Dr. (in Rs) | Cr. (in Rs) |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| Office Equipments                 | 43,200    |           | 50           | 21,60,000   |             |
| Depreciation on office Equipments | 4,800     |           | 50           | 2,40,000    |             |
| Furniture of Fixtures             | 2,880     |           | 50           | 1,44,000    |             |
| Depreciation on Furniture         | 320       |           | 50           | 16,000      |             |
| Stock (April 1, 2011)             | 22,400    |           | 47           | 10,52,800   |             |
| Purchase                          | 96,000    |           | 45           | 43,20,000   |             |
| Sales                             |           | 1,66,400  | 45           |             | 74,88,000   |
| Goods sent from H.O.              | 32,000    |           |              | 15,80,000   |             |
| Salaries                          | 3,600     |           | 45           | 1,62,000    |             |
| Carriage inward                   | 400       |           | 45           | 18,000      |             |
| Rent , Rates & Taxes              | 800       |           | 45           | 36,000      |             |
| Insurance                         | 400       |           | 45           | 18,000      |             |

|                      |       |        |    |             |           |
|----------------------|-------|--------|----|-------------|-----------|
| Trade Expenses       | 400   |        | 45 | 18,000      |           |
| Head Office A/c      |       | 45,600 |    |             | 20,50,000 |
| Sundry Debtors       | 9,600 |        | 50 | 4,80,000    |           |
| Sundry Creditors     |       | 6,800  | 50 |             | 3,40,000  |
| Cash at bank         | 2,000 |        | 50 | 1,00,000    |           |
| Cash in Hand         | 400   |        | 50 | 20,000      |           |
| Outstanding Salaries |       | 400    | 50 |             | 20,000    |
|                      |       |        |    | 1,03,64,800 | 98,98,000 |
| Exchange Gain        |       |        |    |             | 4,66,800  |

**USA Branch Trading Profit and Loss A/c**  
**For the year ending 31<sup>st</sup> March 2012**

|                       |           |                  |           |
|-----------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|
| To Opening Stock      | 10,52,800 | By Sales         | 74,88,000 |
| To Purchase           | 43,20,000 | By Closing Stock | 10,75,000 |
| To Goods from H.O     | 15,80,000 |                  |           |
| To Carriage inward    | 18,000    |                  |           |
| To Gross profit       | 15,92,200 |                  |           |
|                       |           |                  |           |
| Total                 | 85,63,000 | Total            | 85,63,000 |
|                       |           |                  |           |
| To Salaries           | 1,62,000  | By Gross Profit  | 15,92,200 |
| To Rent Rates & Taxes | 36,000    |                  |           |
| To Insurance          | 18,000    |                  |           |
| To Trade Expenses     | 18,000    |                  |           |
| To Depreciation       |           |                  |           |
| Plant & machinery     | 2,40,000  |                  |           |
| Furniture & Fixtures  | 16,000    |                  |           |
| To Net Profit         | 1,10,200  |                  |           |
| Total                 | 15,92,200 | Total            | 15,92,200 |

**Balance Sheet of USA Branch**  
**As on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2012**

| Liabilities                          | Amount    | Assets                        | Amount    |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Head Office A/c 20,50,000            |           | Office Equipment 24,00,000    |           |
| Add: Net Profit 1,10,200             | 31,52,200 | Less: Depreciation 2,40,000   | 21,60,000 |
|                                      |           | Furniture & Fixtures 1,60,000 |           |
| Foreign currency Translation reserve | 4,66,800  | Less: depreciation 16,000     | 1,44,000  |
| Trade Creditors                      | 34,00,000 | Closing stock                 | 10,75,000 |
| Outstanding salaries                 | 20,000    | Trade Debtors                 | 4,80,000  |
|                                      |           | Cash in hand                  | 1,00,000  |
|                                      |           | Cash at Bank                  | 20,000    |
| Total                                | 39,79,000 | Total                         | 39,79,000 |

**Ans. 7(a)** Fair Value of an option = Rs 28 - Rs 25 = Rs 3

No. of Shares issued = 200 employee × 100 Shares per employee = 20,000 Shares

Fair value of ESPP = 20,000 Shares × Rs 3 = Rs 60,000

Expenses Recognized = Rs 60,000

|                                    |          |
|------------------------------------|----------|
| Bank (20,000 × 25) Dr.             | 5,00,000 |
| Employee compensation Expenses Dr. | 60,000   |

|  |                                                                           |  |          |
|--|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|----------|
|  | To Share Capital                                                          |  | 2,00,000 |
|  | To Securities premium                                                     |  | 3,60,000 |
|  | (Being option accepted by 200 employees & payment made @ Rs 25 per share) |  |          |

**Ans. 7(b)** As per Accounting Standard (AS) 5, "Net Profit or Loss for the Period, Prior Period Items and Changes in Accounting Policies", issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, when items of income and expense within profit or loss from ordinary activities are of such size, nature, or incidence that their disclosure is relevant to explain the performance of the enterprise for the period, the nature and amount of such items should be disclosed separately.

In the given question, revision of wages took place on 1/7/2011 with retrospective effect from 1.4.2008. The arrear of wages up to 31.03.2011 amounts to Rs 40,00,000 and that for the period from 1.4.2011 to 1.7.2011 amounts to Rs 3,50,000. It may be mentioned that additional wages is an expense arising from the ordinary activities of the company. Although abnormal in amount, such an expense does not qualify as an extraordinary item. However, as per AS 5, the nature and amount of such items should be disclosed separately. Therefore Rs. 40,00,000 should be disclosed separately in the statement of profit and loss.

However, arrear of wages payable for the current year (from 1.4.2011 to 1.7.2011) amounting Rs 3,50,000 is not a prior period or extraordinary item, hence need not be disclosed separately. This may be shown as current year wages.

**Ans. 7(c)** As per AS – 29: Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, A provision should be recognized when:

- (a) An enterprise has a present obligation as a result of a past event;
- (b) It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- (c) a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If these conditions are not met, no provision should be recognized.

Further financial statements deal with the financial position of an enterprise at the end of its reporting period and not its possible position in the future. The only liabilities recognized in an enterprise's balance sheet are those that exist at the balance sheet date.

In the given question the company is required by law to overhaul its aircraft once in every five years. However even a legal requirement to overhaul does not make the costs of overhaul a liability, because no obligation exists to overhaul the aircraft independently of the enterprise's future actions – the enterprise could avoid the future expenditure by its future actions, for example by selling the aircraft.

Therefore it is not necessary to make provision in this regard.

**Ans. 7(d)** As per AS 19 "Accounting for leases" issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, if a sale and leaseback transaction results in an operating lease, and it is clear that the transaction is established at fair value, any profit or loss should be recognized immediately.

If the sale price is below fair value, any profit or loss should be recognized immediately except that, if the loss is compensated by future lease payments at below market price, it should be deferred and amortized in proportion to the lease payments over the period for which the asset is expected to be used.

If the sale price is above fair value, the excess over fair value should be deferred and amortized over the period for which the assets is expected to be used.

For operating leases, if the fair value at the time of a sale and leaseback transaction is less than the carrying amount of the asset, a loss equal to the amount of the difference between the carrying amount and fair value should be recognized immediately.

(i) Sale Price = Rs. 60 Lacs, Fair Value = Rs 60 Lacs.

Therefore profit on sale of Rs. 10 Lacs can be recognized immediately.

(ii) Sale Price = Rs. 45 Lacs, Fair Value = Rs. 50 Lacs.

Therefore loss on sale of Rs. 5 Lacs can be recognized immediately except that, if the loss is compensated by future lease payments at below market price, it should be deferred and amortized in proportion to the lease payments over the period for which the asset is expected to be used.

(iii) Sale Price = Rs. 62 Lacs, Fair Value = Rs. 55 Lacs.

Therefore out of the total profit on sale of Rs. 12 Lacs, Rs. 5 lacs can be recognized immediately and Rs. 7 lacs should be deferred and amortized over the period for which the asset is expected to be used.

(iv) Sale Price = Rs. 48 Lacs, Fair Value = Rs. 45 Lacs, Carrying amount Rs. 50 Lacs.

As the fair value at the time of a sale and leaseback transaction is less than the carrying amount of the asset, a loss of Rs. 5 Lacs should be recognized immediately. Now a profit on sale of Rs. 3 lacs should be deferred and amortized over the period for which the asset is expected to be used.

**Ans. 7(e)** As per AS – 4 'Contingencies and Events Occurring after the Balance Sheet Date' issued by the Council of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, Events which occur between the balance sheet date and the date on which the financial statements are approved, may indicate the need for adjustments to assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date or may require disclosure.

Adjustments to assets and liabilities are required for events occurring after the balance sheet date that provide additional information materially affecting the determination of the amounts relating to conditions existing at the balance sheet date.

In the given case cash of Rs. 6,00,000 of A-One limited was embezzled during March 2012. However it came to the notice of management during April 2012 only. As the financial statements are not yet approved by the Board of directors of the company, embezzlement of cash should be adjusted in the books of accounts for the year ending March 2012.

If embezzlement of cash comes to the notice of the management only after approval of financial statement by the board of directors, then it should not be adjusted or disclosed in the financial statements or books of accounts for the year ending March 2012.