



Covid-19 Impact on Goods and Services Tax

By: Dheeraj Kumar Pandey

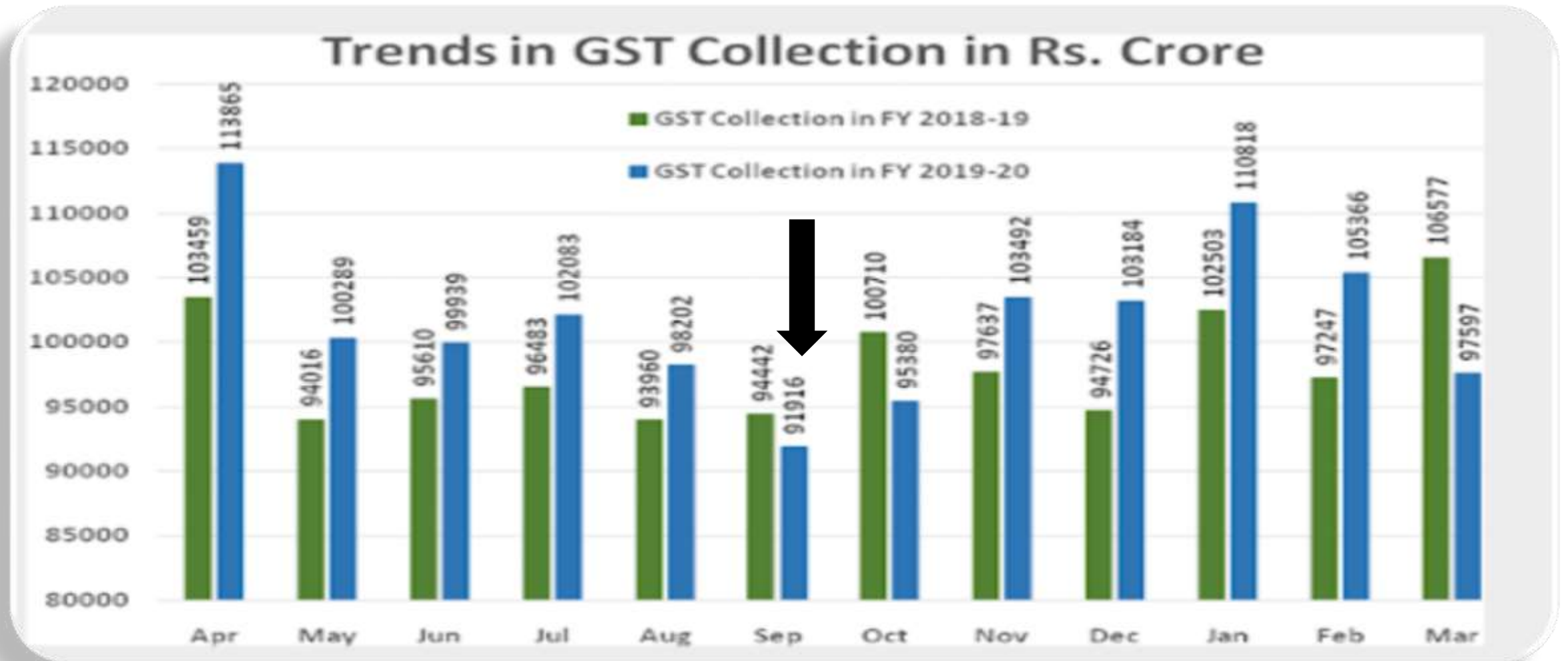
KEY TOPIC IN NEWS:

- Govt. unlikely to exempt GST on masks, ventilators, and PPEs. Ventilator & Test kit & PPE cost more than 1000 per piece is 12%; on mask & PPE cost up to 1000 is 5 %, on sanitizer is 18%)
- 6-month GST payment freeze for worst-hit sectors, a lower rate for realty among Covid options mulled.
- Government To Refund GST To Businesses For Order Cancellations Due To Covid-19.
- CBIC clears Rs 10,700 cr. GST, customs duty refund in 16 days.

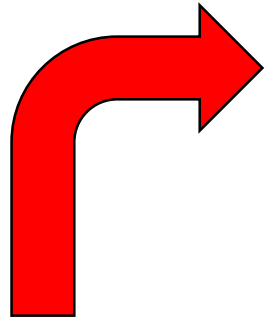
WHAT ARE THE AREAS IN GST THAT COVID 19 IMPACT ?



REVENUE COLLECTION



IMPACT ON PROPOSED MAJOR CHANGES

PARTICULARS	EARLIER PROPOSED DATE		DUE DATES EXTENDED	DUE DATE AFTER COVID -19
ANNUAL RETURN 18-19	31.03.2020	 GST MEETING 14-03-2020	30.06.2020	
NEW RETURN FILING SYSTEM	01.04.2020		01.10.2020	
E-INVOICING & QR CODE	01.04.2020		01.10.2020	



SUMMARY OF ANNUAL RETURN AND ANNUAL AUDITS

(NOTIFICATION NO 16/2020 CT NR)

SUPPLIER PAN INDIA TURNOVER	GSTR -9 - ANNUAL RETURN	GSTR -9C GST AUDIT
TURNOVER LESS THEN 2CR	OPTIONAL	N.A
TURNOVER EXCEEDING 2CR UTPO 5CRS.	MANDATORY	OPTIONAL
TURNOVER EXCEEDING 5CRS.	MANDATORY	MANDATORY

COMPLIANCE- FILING OF RETURN IN GSTR 3B

(NOTIFICATIONNO31/2020AND32/2020CTNR)

MONTHS	FEB ,2020	MAR,2020	APR ,2020
TYPE -1 SUPPLIERS TURNOVER MORE THAN 5CR			
WITHOUT INTEREST/LATES FEES	04,APRIL,2020	05,APRIL,2020	4,JUNE,2020
WITH INTEREST @9% BUT WITHOUT LATES FEE	24,JUNE,2020	24,JUNE,2020	24,JUNE,2020
WITH INTEREST@18% AND LATES FEES	AFTER 24-JUNE,2020	AFTER 24-JUNE,2020	AFTER 24-JUNE,2020
TYPE -2 SUPPLIERS TURNOVER MORE 1.5CR BUT UPTO 5CR			
WITHOUT INTEREST/LATES FEES	29,JUNE,2020	29,JUNE,2020	29,JUNE,2020
WITH INTEREST@18% AND LATES FEES	AFTER 29-JUNE,2020	AFTER 29-JUNE,2020	AFTER 29-JUNE,2020
TYPE -2 SUPPLIERS TURNOVER LESS THAN 1.5CR			
WITHOUT INTEREST/LATES FEES	30,JUNE,2020	03,JULY,2020	06,JULY,2020
WITH INTEREST@18% AND LATES FEES	AFTER 30,JUNE,2020	AFTER 03,JULY,2020	AFTER 06,JULY,2020
NOTE:1 TURNOVER OF PRECEDING YEAR SHALL BE CONSIDERED			

COMPLIANCE- FILING OF RETURN IN GSTR 3B

(NOTIFICATION NO 31/2020 AND 32/2020 CT NR)

IMPORTANT POINT TO BE NOTED :-

- THE **DUE DATE** OF FILING OF GSTR -3B **IS NOT EXTENDED**.
- HOWEVER, THERE IS **RELAXATION IN**,
 - ❑ **INTEREST** VIDE NOTIFICATION NO 31/2020 CT NR AND
 - ❑ **LATE FEES** VIDE NOTIFICATION NO 32/2020 CT NR
- IN OTHER WORD IF THE RETURN **IS NOT FILED** WITHIN THE **STIPULATED TIME** ,**INTEREST @18% AND LATE FEES** AS APPLICABLE **SHALL BE PAYABLE** FROM THE **ORIGINAL DUE DATE** AS IF THERE IS **NO RELAXATION**.
- TO ILLUSTRATE A MONTHLY SUPPLIER WHO IS REQUIRED TO FILE HIS GSTR -3B FOR MARCH 2020 WILL BE DEALT AS UNDER :
 - ❑ IF HE FILES HIS GSTR -3B BY 5, APRIL, 2020 , THEN NO LATE FEES OR INTEREST SHALL BE PAYABLE.
 - ❑ IF HE FILE BETWEEN 5 ,MAY TO 24, JUNE, 2020 THEN INTEREST SHALL BE PAYABLE @9% BUT NO LATE FEES SHALL BE APPLICABLE.
 - ❑ IF HE FILES RETURN AFTER 24 TH JUNE ,2020 THEN INTEREST @18 AND LATE FEES SHALL BE PAYABLE AS IF THERE IS NO RELAXATION I.E INTEREST AND LATE FEES WILL BE APPLICABLE FROM 21, APRIL 2020.

FILING OF FORM GSTR -3B

(NOTIFICATION NO-36/2020)

TYPE OF SUPPLIER	MAY 2020 DUE DATE	
	NO INTEREST AND LATES FEES UTPO	INTEREST@18% AND LATES FEES
TURNOVER >5CR	27,JUNE,2020	AFTER 27,JUNE,2020
TURNOVER<5CR		
-GROUP 1 STATES	12 ,JULY 2020	AFTER 12,JULY2020
-GROUP 2 STATES	14,JULY,2020	AFTER 14 ,JULY ,2020
GROUP WISES STATES		
GROUP-1	CHHATISHGARH,MP,GUJRAT,MAHARASTRA,KARNATAKA,GOA,KERELA, TAMIL NADU,ARUNACHAL PRADESH ,DAMAN&DIU,DADRA AND ANGAR HAVELLI,ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLAND,LAKSHDWEEP	
GROUP-2	HP,PUNAJB,UK,HARYANA,UP,BIHAR,SIKKIM,ANDHARA PRADESH,NAGLAND,MANIPUR,MIZORAM,TRIPURA,MEGHALYA,ASSAM, WEST BENGAL, JHARKHAND,ODDISHA,J&K,LADAKH,CHANDIGARH,DELHI.	

FILING OF RETURN FORM GSTR-1

(NOTIFICATION NO 33/2020 CT NR)

TYPE OF SUPPLIER	RETURN PERIOD	ORIGINAL DUE DATE	WAIVER OF LATE FEE UPTO
QUARTELY	JAN TO MAR ,2019-20	30,APRIL,2020	30,JUNE,2020
MONTHLY	MARCH ,2020	11,APRIL,2020	
	APRIL,2020	11,MAY,2020	
	MAY,2020	11,JUNE,2020	

STATUS OF COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 36(4)

NOTIFICATION NO 30/2020

- THE CONDITION STIPULATED UNDER RULE 36 (4)
- SHALL APPLY **CUMULATIVELY**
- FOR THE PERIOD **FEB,MAR,APR,MAY,JUN,JUL AND AUG** 2020 AND
- THE RETURN IN FORM GSTR -3B FOR THE TAX PERIOD SEPTEMBER 2020 SHALL BE FURNISHED WITH CUMMULATIVE ADJUSTMENT FOR THE INPUT TAX CREDIT FOR THE SAID MONTH ACCORDANCE WITH IN CONDTION OF RULE 36(4)
- IN OTHER WORDS WHILE FILING GSTR -3B FOR FEB 2020 TO AUG 2020 RULE 36(4) **WILL NOT APPLY ON MONTHLY BASIS**, HOWEVER ITS CUMMULATIVE IMPACT SHALL BE TAKEN IN THE MONTH OF SEP 2020 RETURN.

FILING OF OTHER GST RETURN

TYPE OF SUPPLIER	RETURN FORM	RETURN PERIOD	ORIGINAL DUE DATE	WAIVER OF LATE FEE UPTO
NON-RESIDENT TAXPAYER	GSTR-5	MAR,APR,MAY2020	20 TH OF SUCCEEDING MONTH	30,JUNE,2020
INPUT SERVICE DISTRIBUTOR	GSTR-6	MAR,APR,MAY2020	13 TH OF SUCCEEDING MONTH	
TAX DECUTOR	GSTR-7	MAR,APR,MAY2020	10 TH OF SUCCEEDING MONTH	
TAX COLLETOR	GSTR-8	MAR,APR,MAY2020	10 TH OF SUCCEEDING MONTH	

COMPOSITION RELATED CHANGES

TYPE OF FORM	RETURN FORM	RETURN PERIOD	ORIGINAL DUE DATE
INTIMATION TO PAY TAX UNDER SEC -10	GST CMP02	2020-2021	30 TH ,JUNE,2020
DECLARATION FOR INTIMATION OF ITC REVERSAL/PAYMENT OF TAX ON INPUTS HELD IN STOCK, INPUTS CONTAINED IN SEMI-FINISHED AND FINISHED GOODS HELD IN STOCK AND CAPITAL GOODS UNDER SUB-SECTION (4) OF SECTION 18	GST ITC-03	AS ON 31-03-2020	31 TH ,JULY,2020
STATEMENT FOR PAYMENT OF SELF-ASSESSED TAX	GST CMP-08	JAN TO MAR 2020	7 TH ,JULY 2020
QUARTERLY RETURN FOR REGISTERED PERSON OPTING FOR COMPOSITION LEVY	GSTR-4	FY 2019-20	15TH JUL, 2020

OTHER MAJOR CHANGES

☐ E-way bills [Point ii Notification No 35/2020 CT NR]

whose expiry date lies between 20th March, 2020, and 15th Apr, 2020, would also be deemed to be valid till 30th April, 2020.

☐ General [Point i Notification No 35/2020 CT NR]

- where, **any time limit for completion or compliance of any action,**
- by any **authority or by any person,**
- has been specified in, or prescribed or notified under the said Act,
- which falls during the period from the
- 20th day of March, 2020 to the 29th day of June, 2020, and
- where completion or compliance of such action has not been made within such time, then,
- the time limit for completion or compliance of such action, shall be extended upto the 30th day of June, 2020, including for the purposes of-----

OTHER MAJOR CHANGES

❖ General [Point i Notification No 35/2020 CT NR]

✓ Adhoc extension upto 30th Jun, 2020 shall not be applicable for the following cases-

<u>S.NO</u>	<u>PROVISION</u>	<u>PARTICULARS</u>
A.	Chapter IV	Time and value of supply
B.	Sec 10(3)	Lapse of composition Scheme
C.	Sec 25	Procedure for registration.
D.	Sec 27	Special provisions relating to casual taxable person & N.R.T.P
E.	Sec 31	Tax invoice.
F.	Sec 37	Furnishing details of outward supplies [GSTR-1]
G.	Sec 39	Furnishing of returns.
	[except sub section (3), (4) & (5)]	[Except TDS, ISD, Non-resident taxable person]
H.	Sec 47	Levy of late fee.
I.	Sec 50	Interest on delayed payment of tax.
J	Sec 69	Power to arrest.
K.	Sec 90	Liability of partners of firm to pay tax.
L.	Sec 122	Penalty for certain offences.
M.	Sec 129	Detention, seizure and release of goods and conveyances in transit.

MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE

(Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 31st March, 2020/Chaitra 11, 1942 (Saka)

THE TAXATION AND OTHER LAWS (RELAXATION OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS) ORDINANCE, 2020

No. 2 OF 2020

(a) “specified Act” means-

- (i) the Wealth-tax Act, 1957; 27 of 1957.
- (ii) the Income-tax Act, 1961; 43 of 1961.
- (iii) the Prohibition of *Benami* Property Transactions Act, 1988; 45 of 1988.
- (iv) Chapter VII of the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2004; Securities Transaction Tax .
- (v) Chapter VII of the Finance Act, 2013; Commodities Transaction Tax 2013.
- (vi) the Black Money (Undisclosed Foreign Income and Assets) and Imposition of Tax Act, 2015; 22 of 2015.
- (vii) Chapter VIII of the Finance Act, 2016; or Equalization levy 016.
- (viii) the Direct Tax *Vivad se Vishwas* Act, 2020; 3 of 2020.

AMENDMENT TO THE CENTRAL GOODS AND SERVICES TAX ACT, 2017

Insertion of new
section 168A in
Act 12 of 2017.

Power of
Government to
extend time
limit in special
circumstances.

8. After section 168 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017, the following section shall be inserted, namely:-

‘168A. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, extend the time limit specified in, or prescribed or notified under, this Act in respect of actions which cannot be completed or complied with due to *force majeure*.

(2) The power to issue notification under sub-section (1) shall include the power to give retrospective effect to such notification from a date not earlier than the date of commencement of this Act.

Explanation.— For the purposes of this section, the expression “*force majeure*” means a case of war, epidemic, flood, drought, fire, cyclone, earthquake or any other calamity caused by nature or otherwise affecting the implementation of any of the provisions of this Act.’.

Circular clarifying issues in respect of challenges faced by registered persons in implementation of provisions of GST issued

Circular No: 137/07/2020 dated 13 April 2020

- The circular refers to the **advance payments** made to the **service providers** for any future services that later got cancelled **due to the lockdown**. Let's understand this with an illustration:

Two parties have agreed for a service, and the buyer has paid an advance amount to the service provider. But later on, the contract gets cancelled for **any reason, including the lockdown**. The service provider could have acted in either of the two ways.

- (a) The service provider may have issued **a tax invoice** for the entire transaction value and **deposited the GST amount with the department before the lockdown**.
- Now, he must issue a **credit note** to the recipient for the same value, including GST. The credit note **must be declared in GSTR-1 of the month in which the credit note was issued** and **subsequently adjusted in GSTR-3B**.
- If there is **no sufficient outward tax liability** in GSTR-3B against which the **credit note can be adjusted**. In such cases, **form RFD-01 can be filed to claim this GST by selecting "Excess payment of tax** if any".
- (b) The service provider may have issued a receipt voucher acknowledging the advance amount received by him, without raising any tax invoice. He would have also deposited the GST amount with the department.
- In such a case, after the contract gets cancelled, he **must issue a refund voucher** to the recipient for negating the transaction effect. Subsequently, he can claim the **GST refund by filing form RFD-01** under the category "Refund of Excess Payment of Tax".

- The circular clarifies the GST treatment of **sales returns**, where the tax invoice **has already been issued**. Similar to the first case mentioned above, the **supplier must issue a credit note**, declare the same in GSTR-1 and GSTR-3B of the relevant month in which the credit note was issued. **Any tax adjustment which is not possible in GSTR-3B** shall be claimed as a refund in Form RFD-01 by choosing the category as “Excess Payment of Tax if any”.
- The circular clarifies that the validity of **the Letter of Undertaking (LUT)** stands extended for the FY 2019-20 until a fresh LUT is filed for the FY 2020-21. In other words, **the exporters who intend to export without paying Integrated GST (IGST) can continue to do so in the current financial year**. They must quote the **LUT reference number of the FY 2019-20 in their export documents**. The time limit to file LUT for the **FY 2020-21, which previously expired on 31 March 2020**, has been deferred up to **30 June 2020**.
- The Tax Deducted at Source (TDS) under Section 51 of the CGST Act is due to be deposited between **20 March 2020 and 29 June 2020 can be deposited with the government by 30 June 2020**. No interest shall be charged if the TDS is deposited and **Form GSTR-7 is filed on time**. The same rule applies for Tax Collected at Source (TCS) under Section 52 of the CGST Act. Hence, even the e-commerce operators get an extended time limit to deposit TCS with the government and **file the return in Form GSTR-8**.
- The circular spoke of the extension of the **two-year time limit for claiming GST refund that expired on 31 March 2020**. The circular explicitly states that such taxpayers **may apply in Form RFD-01 by 30 June 2020** and not 29 July 2020.

**REMUNERATION PAID TO DIRECTORS ATTRACT GST
IN THE CASE OF CLAY CRAFTS INDIA PVT LTD.**

Extract of Notification No 13/2017 CT Rate

Sl. No.	Category of Supply of Services	Supplier of service	Recipient of Service
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
6	Services supplied by a director of a company or a body corporate to the said company or the body corporate.	A director of a company or a body corporate	The company or a body corporate located in the taxable territory.

Extract of Schedule III

SCHEDULE III

[See section 7]

ACTIVITIES OR TRANSACTIONS WHICH SHALL BE TREATED NEITHER AS A SUPPLY OF GOODS
NOR A SUPPLY OF SERVICES

1. Services by an employee to the employer in the course of or in relation to his employment.

Charge under GST – Sec 9

Supply of goods or services or both

Understanding the phrase

“Services supplied by a director of a company or a body corporate to the said company or the body corporate.”

1. Mr. Mukesh Ambani is using Jio number and is paying charges for the same. Whether the above service by Jio company is service to a director or service to a consumer?
2. Indane CEO uses Indane cylinders for his household purposes in this case whether the transaction by Indane is supply to a director or supply to a consumer?
3. Mr. A is owner of a big commercial space, assuming it has 10 offices and he has let out 10 offices to different companies and one of the office is given to a company in which he is a Director. Whether in this case it is a supply by a Landlord to a company or Director to a company?
4. Mr. X a CA of a company has reached the level of CFO and now to give him a promotion he was inducted in the board of directors and his role has not changed whether merely because he is Director now will he not be considered as an employee of the company.

Summarized conclusion of **presenter** only

- A. No GST on salary to any person including director (Sec 9 read with Sec 7 and Schedule 3)
- B. Forward charge in case director is providing any service in the capacity other than director.
- C. RCM on all amount paid to director except A and B above paid to him which is in relation to his directorship example sitting fees, professional charges for professional director and like items.



Thank You

