

* Amalgamation includes absorption.

* Company who transfers/sells AL and gets liquidated (seller / Transferee co) (SC) → Company which buys AL from other co. (Purchaser or Transferee co) (PC)

* Amalgamation/Absorption nature. (AS 14) (only for Purch co)

Nature of merger
Pooling int method.

5 conditions for merger:-

- ① All assets, liab (and reserves) all taken over.
- ② b/o → Book value.
concept: 2 entity follow diff accounting policies (depⁿ & stk)
- ③ PC = shares only (E+P)
concept: cash for fractional shares.
- ④ at least 90% of SH of SC be SH of PC. (exclude purch co holdings)
- ⑤ Intention to carry on the same business of SC.

PC by net assets method:-

Assets b/o
(-) Liab b/o
Net assets
] agreed value

* when PC for (merger) is calcⁿ and 2 or more selling co

PC will be divided.

ratio of net assets (as per purchase method)

PC x ratio.

Nature of purchase.

* if any of one of the condition is not satisfied.

+ external reco - always purchase.

Assets (all)
(-) Liab (all)
(-) Reserves (all)
net assets
] Book value.

Purchase consideration (PC)

consideration paid in any form to SH of selling co by purch. co.

Pymt to debⁿ holders → X PC
but pymt in debⁿ to SH → √ PC.

methods to calculate PC (Rem - Purchase and merge also)

humpsum method

one enalt amount is given = PC
(no calculations required).

Net payment method (commonly used)

PC =
Amt Pd to equity SH
+
Amt Pd to pref SH.

use if R mentions enalt no. or amt of shares.

Net assets method

Assets t/o @ agreed value
(-) Liabilities t/o @ agreed value

Net assets = PC.

Intrinsic value method

at revised val.
assets t/o s/o m
(-) Liab t/o
net assets t/o
(-) pref SH claim
(-) dissenting
net assets t/o
ESH
÷ no. of ES
= IV P.S.

* share = @ MV

* asset = fair value.

* contingency = only when sure. recorded as PC.

* if cash (fractional shares)
share = 1P
cash = always at MV/IV

merge

Asset
(-) Liab
(-) reserves
PC

= share cap

Purchase

asset
(-) Liab
PC

if issue price given take IV

shares issued = $\frac{NA (SCO)}{IV (PCO)}$

dissenting shares

some share holders dont agree to amalgamate.
SCO will pay the dis. SH in cash - P/L - realisation.
while PC calculation only assenting shareholders will be taken.

actual SH
(-) dissenting
assenting SH for PC caln.

* divide PC (amalgmⁿ) in ratio of net assets calculated under purchase method. (A+B = AB)

i.e Net asset ratio = PC

exchange ratio / swap ratio

ER = $\frac{IV P.S. of S}{IV P.S. of P}$

ratio = new:old

Entities in the books of selling company:- (i) eliminate B/S - eq exps - AM - (2)
 PC due - PC receive - PC dist - (3) PSH -
 (4) ESH - P/L real'n - ESH.

After calculating PC :-

① Eliminate/Nullify Balance sheet:-

(a) Asset Ho: Realisation
 To Asset] BV (b) Liability Ho: Liability
 To Realisation] BV.

(c) asset & Liab
not Ho : open individual A/c with BV as opening bal

(d) Capital : Transfer to share holders A/c.

equity :- Eq sh cap
 To E.S holders A/c

Reef :- Reef sh. cap
 To Reef S. holders A/c.

(e) Reserves :-

Reserves are equity share holders prop :- * even if merger
Ho reserves.
 Reserves & surplus
 To Eq. sh holders A/c. Cr. bal. [As-14 (only purchase co)]

Eq. sh. holders
 To P&L A/c

Dr bal.

(f) misc exp :-

Equity sh. holders
 To misc exp
 To preliminary exp.

② Purchase consideration due:-

Purchasing co A/c
 To Realisation A/c] PC.

③ PC received:-

Cash
 Eq shares in Pur. co.
 Reef shares in Pur. co.
 % Debn in Pur. co.
 Assets (if any)
 To Purchasing co.

④ Dispose assets & liab not t/o:-

Asset sold liab discharge.

Cash Real. Liability Realisation

To Asset To Realisation To Cash To Real.

any profit or loss → Realisation A/c

If no info → then dispose @ "Book value"

⑤ Liquidation expenses:-

Pd + Beene (selling co) Pd → SC Pd & Beene → PC.

Beene → PC

Realisation To Cash.

Purchasing Realisation. (max amt agreed) bal

To Cash. xx amt pd

+ No entry.

Cash To Purchasing co. (amt received).

⑥ Distribution of PC:-

(i) Ref SH:-

Ref SH holder A/c

To Cash

To ES, PS

To Debn.

(ii) Realisation

Transf P&L → Eq. share holders A/c.

(iii) Eq. Share Holder

Eq. sh holder

To Cash

To ES

To PS

To % Debn.] In l/c

Transfer diff in

P.S.H A/c → Realisation A/c.

* ESH should "Tally"

Imp:-

- ① Date of B/S = date of amalgamation.
- ② G/W → t/o or not t/o → Realn To G/W. (cant sell standalone)

① Calculate PC.

② Determine — Amalgamation

Purchase

merger.

③ Purchase Business:-

Business Purchase

To liquidators of selling co

PC.

④ Assets & Liab Ho:-

Assets Ho

• Goodwill

To Liab Ho

To Business Purchase.

• To Capital Reserve

Ag. value

Ag value.

PC.

All Assets

• General Reserve

To All Liab

To All Reserves

To Business purchase.

• To Capital Reserve.

merger.

BV

BV

BV

PC

⑤ Discharge of PC:-

liquidators of selling co.

• discount on issue

To Cash

To Eq. sh. cap

To Res. sh. cap

To % Reb'n.

• To Secu premium

liquidators of selling co

Disc on issue

To Eq. sh. cap

To Res. sh. cap

* To Cash (only pref. share)

⑥ Dispose Liability of selling co:-

Liability.

To Cash

To Eq. sh. capital.

⑦ Realisation exp:-

(a) Pd & borne → selling co:- no entry.

(b) Pd → SC OR Pd & borne :- PC

Goodwill / Cap Reserve

To Cash

whichever is available.

General Reserve / Cap. Reserve
To Cash.

⑧ Eliminary expenses:-

eliminary exps
To Cash/Bank A/c

⑨ Fresh issue of capital:-

Cash
Discount
To Eq. sh cap
To P. sh cap
To sec. premium

⑩ Inter company transac

Creditors / lia
To Debitors / asset] BV / transac value.

⑪ Inter company stock:- Remove profit element.

Goodwill
To stock

General reserve
To stock.

⑫ Common Party transac :-

Creditors / lia
To Debitors / asset] lower of the 2
transac amt

Steps:

- 1) calculate PC
- 2) close books of SCO
- 3) Incorporate purchase entries in PCO books.

AS:14: only for PC & PCO step 1 & 3.

Types of amalgamation:

- 1) Nature of merger (pooling of int method)
- 2) Nature of purchase

Cap avg profit in excess of NA = goodwill. Cap profit = profit/cap rate.

for goodwill: x pref div as glw for whole co.

for fractional shares: check with p's is same call categories.

PSH & defn PC: claim + premium - discount = P.C.

or $\uparrow$ inc: normal inc + $\uparrow$ income = req inc. $\frac{2\% \text{ of } x = \text{req inc.}}{x = \text{_____}}$

Steps for SCO:

- 1) Eliminate B/s
- 2) Realisation exp
- 3) PC due + receive + dist
- 4) P/L on return to ESH.

- only look @ B/s of SCO.
- Ho glw, reserve (AS14 NA to SCO)
- ESH must tally.

Steps for PCO

- 1) Business purchase
- 2) assets & liab t/o against BPA
- 3) Pay liq of SCO CPC
- 4) settle liab.
- 5) debt * old $\rightarrow$ new
- 6) sell unseq assets
- 7) inter co transac (check debt, cred)
- 8) Third party transac
- 9) Realn exp
- 10) Statutory reserve * (Amalg adj A/C To SR)
- 11) Fresh issue + prelim exp.

* capital > PC - Profit (Cap reserve)

Cap < PC: loss group from free reserve of SCO, PCO P&L.

PC
(-) cap
costs
(-)

ME (B/s - asset)
Amalg adj A/C To SR

Be careful for pref div entries [A bal of P&L, glw, div pay, div receivable] [cash Bank]

ratio is always new: old.

check date of B/s = date of amalgamation or else prepare new B/s [Profit = P&L transfer to CR or general reserve or glw.]

all inter co: first t/o and then cancel.

Reversal of doubtful debts due to amalg: credit to cap reserve/gen reserve

Be careful for securities premium [ES, PS, debn]

PCO: break up of FA & acc depn is not req.

check absolute stock.

If contingent liab & it is now sure liab: don't forget to include it in net assets.

If $A + B = C$ and a is subs of A . then a will be in A [IV x no. of shares]

For intrinsic value - reserves, misc exp.

If levain is only for calculation of IV then amal-merger.

in case of loss holding: apart from inter co invest there can be other inv also.

cancel: Rep div & div receivable in PCO for inter co.

every B: mention AS + assumption [necessary approval from creditors & members and sanction of court has been obtained.]

PCO holding shares in SCO

PCO share SCO.
% holding

a) P.C

PC is paid by \$CO to shareholders of SCO.

SH (SCO) = PCO + O/S
∴ only pay O/S.

PC in normal manner xx

(-) % holding by PCO in SCO (xx)

PC for O/S xx

b) SCO books

cancel cap of PCO through realisation.

ESH

To Realisation

[capital x % holding]

c) PCO books

SCO - liquidated Inv - redundant
∴ cancel @ BV in t/o entry.

Assets to

To Liab to

To BP.

* To Inv in SCO (BV) [cost]

SCO holding shares in PCO

SCO → PCO.

a) PC

A co cannot buy own shares.

Find PC in normal manner + break up

Cash A	PS B	ES No. of shares xx
no %	(-) No. of shares (xx) already held	net shares = xx

PC = cash + PS + [net ES x IP]

b) SCO books

1) sellⁿ to get B & C shares.

2) SCO already has A shares.

∴ total A+C will be distributed.
∴ must be at same price.
∴ revalue old shares → new IP.

old > new
Realⁿ
To Invest

old < new.
Invest
To Realⁿ.

c) PCO books

No IMPACT.

1st: PCO → SCO (do not A price)
2nd: SCO → PCO.

CROSS HOLDING: TRUE CASE: ABSORPTION:

A → B A absorbs B
B → A

PC

PC in normal manner.

(-) % holding by PCO in SCO. (xx)
PC for O/S.

Cash A	PS B	ES no. of shares xx
		(-) no. of shares held by SCO (xx)
		new SH. [C]

PC = A + B + [C x IP]

• use of simultaneous eqⁿ (net assets, inv)

	A (SCO)	B (PCO)
NA (other than inv)	xx	xx
(+) inv	20% B	10% A
Total NA	A	B
	A = x + 20% B	B = x + 10% A

SCO

1) cancel PCO.

ESH
To Realⁿ.

2) price of old = price of new

old > new
Realⁿ
To Invest

old < new
Invest
To Realⁿ.

1) cancel Inv @ BV in t/o

Assets to

To Liab to

To BP

To Inv in SCO (BV) (cost)

CROSS HOLDING: AMALGAMATION

	A	B
PC in normal manner	xx	xx
(-) % held by PCO in SCO	40% (x%)	25% (y%)
PC for O/S	xx	xx

A → B 25%
∴ AB → B 25% (y)
B → A 40%
AB → A 40% (x)

CORPORATE RESTRUCTURING

AMS

Merger/Acquisition

all assets/liab t/o
liquidation.

Asset SWAP

simultaneous exch of
assets and diff
is settled in CASH.

Divestiture

Part of assets/
unit sold

PC = SCO.

Demerger/ Sale of div

SPIN OFF.

part sold

PC = SH of SCO.

(A) ASSET SWAP

simultaneous journal entries

A B.
1) Sale of shares B → A 4m SH.
Invst (CB) NO ENTRY
To SH of B. In B.

2) P/L acq div: AS 13 (+2 cost)

3) P/L on exch of asset: To P&L

(B) DIVESTITURE

SCO

① PCO
Liab t/o
cap less
To asset t/o.
To cap reserve.

② Cash
ES
To PCO.

PCO.

① BP
To SCO.
(x liq of SCO)

(C) DEMERGER/SPIN OFF/SALE OF DIV

SCO

① Liab t/o
cap less
To assets t/o.
To cap reserve.
NO q/w @ time of sale
only P/L.

No PC entries as pd to
SH of SCO and X SCO.

PCO.

① BP
To SH of SCO.

② Assets t/o
q/w
To Liab t/o
To BP
CR.

purchased q/w is
allowed.

③ SH of SCO
To cash
To ES
To SP.

• all other prov = same AS 14 + amalgm.

• Pre demerger Post demerger-

Shares x NAV (pre) (A) Shares x NAV (post)

NAV (old) post + (B) Shares x NAV new co.

↓ new shares
In PC.
NAV (old) post +
new NAV.

INTERNAL RECONSTRUCTION

Capital reduction or reconstruction A/c.

1) Redn of PDC cap.

ESC
To Reo.

2) Δ in FV
old ESC
To new ESC
To Reo. **

3) SHARE SURRENDER

a) share surrender by SH.

E.S. Cap
To E.S. surrender.

(b) use of SS:

(i) discharge of liab.

Share surrender
To ESC.

Liab
To Reo.

(c) del issue of SS:

Share surrender
To ESC/PSC
+

Bank
To Reo.

(d) bal of SS → Reo.

SS
To Reo.

Imp adj

- w/o goodwill, miscap
P&L deptt bal.

- B/s as reduced

- div a/c as undecoded
now cancelled

NO ENTRY.

- Reo - make A/c.

- check given B/s is
tallying
needed: P&L bal.

(app of court)

BUY BACK OF EQUITY SHARES - Sec 77

Quantitative restrictions

- max no of shares to be brought back would be least of
 - shares o/s test
 - resource test
 - debt equity ratio

A/c treatment

(1) shares bought back

1) SBB
To Bank $[BB \times no. of ss]$

2) ESC
Premium on BB
To SBB

2) set off premium: S.P + FR
Free reserves
Secu premium
To Premium on BB

3) CRR (from FR + SP)
= FV of shares BB

Free reserves
Secu premium
To CRR $FV \times nos$

* Shares to be cancelled within 7 days.

(A) Shares o/s test

- i) determine actual no of shares as per PDC
out of above
- 25% SH approval
 - 10% BOD approval

$$no = 25\% \cdot PDC / 10\% \cdot PDC$$

(B) Resource test

$$Resource = PDC + free reserve + SP$$

$$no = \frac{25\% \cdot [resources]}{BB \text{ price}}$$

(C) Debt equity test [2:1]

debt (borrowed funds) A

req equity = 50% A B

resent equity (equity funds) C

$$BB \text{ shares} = \frac{B - C}{BB \text{ price}}$$

$$\frac{\text{resent} - \text{req}}{BB \text{ price}}$$