

Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2003 (CARO 2003)

mridha.shantanu@rediffmail.com

❖ WHAT IS CARO ?

- ✓ It is Company Auditor's Report Order.
- ✓ This order is **issued by CG to the Auditors of the Company** that they have to annex with their main report a detailed report as required by the CG.
- ✓ It is nothing but an **annexure** to the main audit report.

❖ When to report under CARO ?

- ✓ Auditor is required to report only in case of dissatisfaction as per Sec 227(1A), but
- ✓ Under CARO, auditor is required to **report about EACH of 21 clauses** whether he is *satisfied or not*.
- ✓ If a clause is not applicable to a company then also the auditor should report on that clause.
- ✓ Once CARO is applicable on a company the auditor has to report on ALL 21 clauses.

❖ Applicability of CARO-

- ✓ It shall apply to **every company including a foreign company** as defined in Sec 591 of the Act, except the following :-
 - 1) **Banking** Company as defined u/s 5(c) of the Banking Regulation Act 1949.
 - 2) **Insurance** Company as defined u/s 2(21) of the Companies Act 1956.
 - 3) A Company licensed to operate **u/s 25** of the Companies Act 1956.
 - 4) A **Private Limited** Company, subject to fulfillment of ALL the following 3 condition at any point during the year.
 - a) Aggregate of Paid up **share capital** and **reserves** should not exceed Rs. 50 Lakh.
 - b) **Outstanding loan** from Banks or Financial Institutions should not exceed Rs. 25 Lakh.
 - c) **Turnover** should not exceed Rs. 5 Crore.

-: CARO Report Includes The Following :-

1. FIXED ASSET:-

- A. **Adequacy of record:** Whether or not proper records have been maintained to show **full particulars** including **quantitative details** and **details about their situation** of fixed asset.
- B. **Verification:** Whether the Mgt. of the company has physical verified the fixed asset at reasonable intervals; whether **material discrepancies** observed, if any, on such verification have been **suitable dealt** within the books of accounts.
- C. **Going Concern:** Whether the going concern assumption is violated in case of **sale of a substantial part** of the fixed assets.

2. INVENTORIES:-

- A. **Verification:** Whether the Mgt. of the company has **physical verified** all the inventories at reasonable intervals.

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- B. **Adequacy of Verification Procedure:** Whether the *procedure of physical verification* of inventory are reasonable and adequate having regard to the size of the company and the nature of the business.
- C. **Adequacy of record:** Whether the company is maintaining the proper records of inventory; whether any *material discrepancies* observed on physical verification, if any, on such verification have been *suitable dealt* within the books of accounts.

3. LOAN TO / LOAN FROM DIRECTORS AND INTERESTED PARTIES:-

- A. **Particular of parties:** Has the company granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Act. If so, give the *number* of parties and *amount involved* in the transaction.
- B. **Terms & Condition:** Whether the rate of interest and other T&C of loans given by the company, secured on unsecured, are prima facie prejudicial to the *interest of the company*.
- C. **Repayment:** Whether receipt of the principal amount and interest are also *regular*.
- D. **Steps for Recovery:** If *overdue* amount is *more than Rs. 1,00,000/-*, whether reasonable *steps* have been taken by the company for recovery of the principal amount and interest.
 - a) **Particular of parties:** Has the company taken any loans, secured or unsecured from companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Act. If so, give the *number* of parties and *amount involved* in the transaction.
 - b) **Terms & Condition:** Whether the rate of interest and other T&C of loans taken by the company, secured on unsecured, are prima facie prejudicial to the *interest of the company*.
 - c) **Repayment:** Whether payment of the principal amount and interest are also *regular*.

4. INTERNAL CONTROL:-

- A. **Adequacy:** Is there an adequate Internal Control system commensurate (relating to) with the *size* of the company and the *nature* of the business, for the *purchase of inventory and fixed asset*, and for the *sale of goods and services*.
- B. **Correction of Weakness:** Whether there is a *continuing failure* to correct major weakness in internal control system.

5. TRANSACTION COVERED BY SECTION 301:-

- A. **Records:** Whether the particulars of contract / arrangement referred u/s 301 have been entered into register.
- B. **Reasonability:** Whether transaction made in pursuance of such contracts / arrangements, have been made at price which are *reasonable* having regards to the prevailing *market price* at the relevant time.

This information is required only in case of transaction *exceeding the value Rs. 5, 00,000/-* in respect of *any party* and in respect of any *one F.Y.*

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6. DEPOSIT FROM PUBLIC:-

A. If the company has accepted deposit from public, whether the following are complied with-

- Directives of **RBI** are complied
- Provisions of Sec **58A** & **58AA** are complied.

B. The **nature of contravention**, if any must be stated.

7. INTERNAL AUDIT:

Having regards to the size and nature of the business, the auditor should report whether or not the following companies have an Internal Audit system.

- A. Listed Company (Public Ltd. Co.)
- B. Companies having a paid-up share capital and reserves exceeding Rs. 50 lakh as on the **commencement** of the financial year.
- C. Companies having an **average annual turnover exceeding Rs. 5 Crore** for a period of three consecutive financial years just **preceding** the financial year concerned.

8. STATUTORY DUE:-

- A. Is the company regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues e.g. **PF, Investor Education and Protection Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Wealth Tax, Service Tax, Custom Duty, Excise duty, Cess** and any other statutory due with the appropriate authorities and if not paid regular, the extent of the arrears of **outstanding** statutory due, as at the last date of the financial year concerned **for a period of more than 6 months** from the date they become payable, shall be indicated.
- B. In case of Income Tax, Sales Tax, Wealth Tax, Service Tax, Custom Duty, Excise duty, Cess have not been deposited on account of **any dispute** then the **amount involved** and the **forum** where the **dispute** is **pending** should be mentioned.

9. COST ACCOUNTING RECORDS:-

- A. Whether maintenance of cost records has been **prescribed by CG**, whether such account and records has been **made** and **maintained**.
- B. The auditor is **only to verify** that the cost accounting records are made and maintained. He is not bound to check the accuracy of such records.

10. LOSS MAKING COMPANIES:-

In case of a company, which has been registered for a period of not less than 5 years, the following should be reported-

- A. Whether the **accumulated losses** at the **end** of the relevant financial year **exceeds 50% of its net worth**.
- B. Whether the company has **incurred cash losses** in the financial year and the financial year immediately preceding the financial year. (**current + preceding**)

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11. REPAYMENT OF DUES (LOANS):-

Whether **default** in repayment of **principal** and **interest** to financial institutions or bank or debenture holders, if yes **period** & **amount** of default should be reported.

12. LOANS AGAINST SECURITIES (SECURED LOAN GIVEN):-

- A. If the company has advanced or granted loans / advances against security by way of pledge of shares, debentures and other securities, proper and **adequate documents** and **records** are to be maintained.
- B. Where there are **deficiencies** in the maintenance of records, the same should be reported by the auditor.

13. CHIT / NIDHI / MUTUAL BENEFIT FUND / SOCIETIES:-

- A. Whether or not **provisions** of any special structure applicable to chit fund have been duly **complied** with.
- B. In respect of nidhi / mutual benefit fund / societies-
 - a) Whether the **net owned fund to deposit liability ratio** is more than 1:20 as on the **BS date**.
 - b) Whether the company has **complied** with the **prudential norms on income recognition** and **provisioning** against sub-standard / doubtful / loss asset.
 - c) Whether the company has **adequate procedure** for appraisal of credit proposals / request, assessment of credit needs and **repayment capacity** of the borrowers
 - d) Whether the **repayment schedule** of various loans granted by the nidhi is based on the **repayment capacity** of the borrower.

14. COMPANY DEALING IN SECURITIES (INVESTMENT):-

Whether the company is dealing or trading in shares, securities, debenture and other investment, report whether-

- a) Proper **records** have been maintained of transaction and contracts,
- b) Timely **entries** have been made therein,
- c) Shares, Securities, Debentures and other securities have been **held** by the company, in its **own name** except to the extent of the exemption, if any, granted u/s 49 of the Act.

15. GUARANTEES GIVEN:-

Whether the company has given any guarantee for loan taken by others from bank or financial institution, whether the **T&C** thereof are prejudicial to the **interest of the company**.

16. END USE OF BORROWINGS (TERM LOAN USE):-

Whether or not term loan are applied **for the purpose** for which such loans were **obtained**.

17. APPLICATION OF FUND (SHORT TERM FUND):-

- A. Whether the **short term** funds have been **applied for long term** investment.
- B. If such application is made, the **nature and the amount** involved should be indicated in the audit report.

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18. PREFERENTIAL ALLOTMENT:-

- A. Whether the company has **made any preferential allotment** of shares to parties and companies covered in the register maintained u/s 301 of the Act.
- B. If preferential allotment has been made, whether the issue of price of such shares **to the interest of the company**.

19. SECURITIES FOR DEBENTURE ISSUED:-

Whether or not **adequate security** / charge have been **created** in respect of debenture issued.

20. END USE OF ISSUE PROCEEDS (PUBLIC MONEY):-

- A. Whether the end use of money raised by the public issue has been **adequately disclosed** by the management of the company.
- B. Whether such end use and disclosure has been **verified**.

21. FRAUD:-

Whether any **fraud** on or by the company has been noticed or reported during the year. Where any fraud is noticed and reported the nature and **amount** involved should be indicated.

I	Inventories	2
F	Fixed Asset	1
C	Chit Fund	13
C	Cost Accounting Records	9
D	Deposit From Public	6
I	Internal Control	4
S	Statutory Due	8
F	Fraud	21
I	Internal Audit	7
L	Loan Against Securities	12
L	Loan From / Loan To Directors	3
E	End Use Of Issue Proceeds	20
D	Deals In Securities	14
G	Guarantee Given	15
R	Repayment Of Due	11
A	Application Of Fund	17
B	Borrowings (End Use)	16
S	Securities For Debenture Issued	19
P	Preferential Allotment	18
L	Loss Making Companies	10
T	Transaction U/S 301	5

IF CCD IS FILLED GRAB SPL (SPECIAL) T (TEA)