

AS-16 BORROWING COST

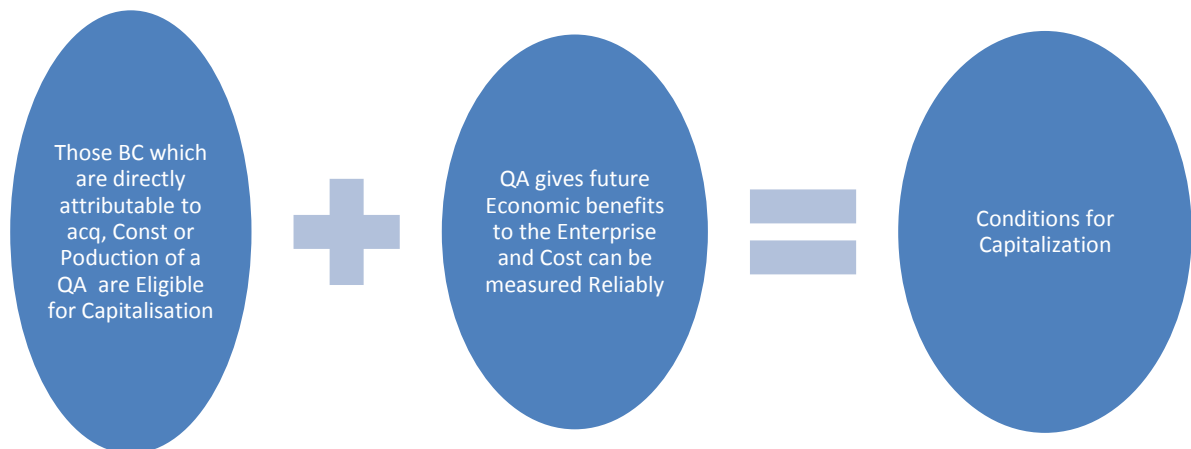
SUMMARISED

As Per AS-16, Borrowing Cost Directly attributable to Acquisition, Construction or Production of a **Qualifying Asset** should be capitalized.

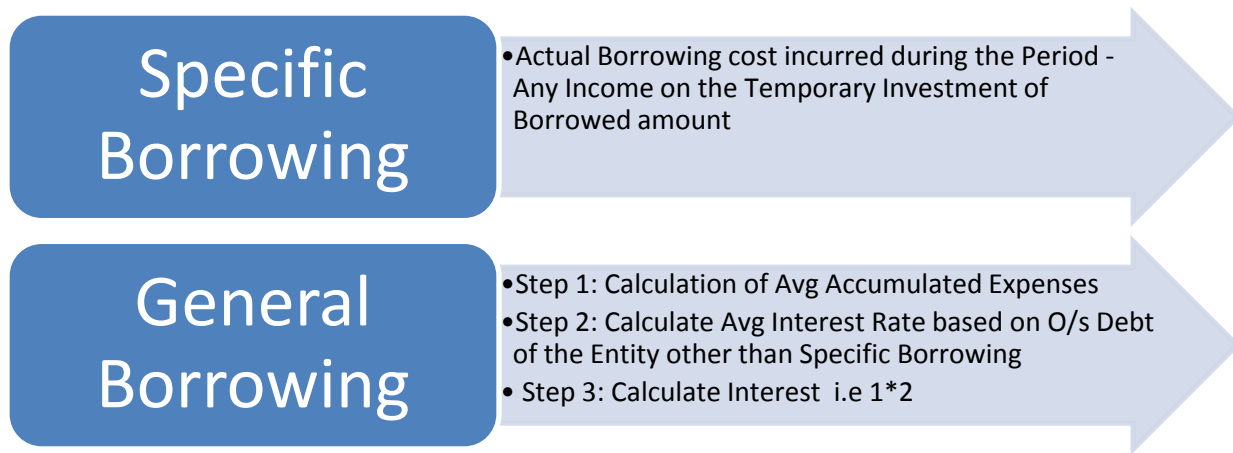
QA: Assets which take Substantial Period of Time to get ready for its Intended use. As per Explanation added to AS-16, Substantial Period of time primarily depends on the facts and circumstances of the case; however a period of 12 months is substantial period of time unless a shorter or longer period can be justified.

Example:

- Tangible FA which are in construction process or acquired tangible FA which are not ready for use or Resale
- IA in development phase or acquired but ready for use or resale.
- Investment Property
- Inventories that require substantial period of time to bring them to saleable condition.



Amount of Borrowing Cost Eligible for Capitalization



Note: Amount of borrowing cost capitalized should not exceed amount of borrowing cost Incurred

Commencement of Capitalization of Borrowing Cost

Following Conditions must be fulfilled before Commencement of Capitalization

- Activities which are essential to prepare the asset for its Intended use, should be in progress
- Borrowing Cost is Incurred
- Expenditure for Acquisition, Construction or Production of a QA is being Incurred

Suspension of Capitalization: During Extended period in which active development is interrupted. It should not be interrupted when temporary delay is necessary for getting asset ready for intended use.

Cessation of Borrowing Cost: When substantially all the Activities necessary to Prepare QA for its intended use or Sale are Complete.

Exchange Difference Eligible for Capitalization

- A) Interest for the Period for borrowing in Foreign Currency
- B) Increase in Liability towards Principal Amount
- C) Interest if Borrowing made in Indian Currency
- D) C-A

B-D= Exchange difference to be Capitalized as per AS-11

D+A=C=Borrowing cost to be Accounted as Per AS-16